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SECTION	I 1. IDENTIFICATION			
Prod	uct name	: Propar	ne	
Prod	uct code	: 002D4	318	
CAS	-No.	: 74-98-	6	
Man	ufacturer or supplier's	s details		
Man	ufacturer/Supplier	: Vertex 400 In Ext. Ea Sarala	x Refining / dustrial Pkw ast nd, AL 3657	Alabama LLC /y 71
SDS Cust	Request omer Service	: 251-6 : 251-6	79-7180 79-7180	
Eme Spill Heal	rgency telephone nur Information th Information	nber : 1-800- : 1-800-	424-9300 424-9300	
Reco Reco	ommended use of the ommended use	chemical an : Interm	d restrictio ediate Refir	ns on use hery Stream.
Rest	rictions on use	: This pr listed in plier.	roduct must n Section 1	not be used in applications other than those without first seeking the advice of the sup-
SECTION	I 2. HAZARDS IDENTI	FICATION		

GHS classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200					
Flammable gases	·	Category			
Gases under pressure	:	Compressed gas			
GHS label elements					
Hazard pictograms	:				
Signal word	:	Danger			
Hazard statements	:	PHYSICAL HAZARDS:			

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		H220 Extreme H280 Contains HEALTH HAZ Not classified a ENVIRONMEN Not classified a	ly flammable gas. s gas under pressure; may explode if heated. ARDS: as a health hazard under GHS criteria. NTAL HAZARDS: as an environmental hazard under GHS criteria.
Preca	utionary statements	Prevention: P102 Keep ou P210 Keep aw and other ignit P243 Take pre	t of reach of children. vay from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames ion sources. No smoking. ecautionary measures against static discharge.
		Response: P377 Leaking stopped safely P381 Eliminate	gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be e all ignition sources if safe to do so.
		Storage: P410 + P403 F place.	Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated
		Disposal:	any phrases

No precautionary phrases.

Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Vapours are heavier than air. Vapours may travel across the ground and reach remote ignition sources causing a flashback fire danger.

High gas concentrations will displace available air; unconsciousness and death may occur suddenly from lack of oxygen.

Exposure to rapidly expanding gases may cause frost burns to eyes and/or skin.

This material has the potential to be a static accumulator.

Even with proper grounding and bonding, this material can still accumulate an electrostatic charge.

If sufficient charge is allowed to accumulate, electrostatic discharge and ignition of flammable airvapour mixtures can occur.

Breathing of high vapour concentrations may cause central nervous system (CNS) depression resulting in dizziness, light-headedness, headache, nausea and loss of coordination. Continued inhalation may result in unconsciousness and death.

The classification of this material is based on OSHA HCS 2012 criteria.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Substance

Hazardous components

Chemical name	Synonyms	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
propane	propane (Re- frigerated liq- uid)	74-98-6	100

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SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

General advice	:	Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions.
If inhaled	:	Call emergency number for your location / facility. Remove to fresh air. Do not attempt to rescue the victim un- less proper respiratory protection is worn. If the victim has difficulty breathing or tightness of the chest, is dizzy, vomiting, or unresponsive, give 100% oxygen with rescue breathing or Cardio-Pulmonary Resuscitation as required and transport to the nearest medical facility.
In case of skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing. Flush exposed area with wa- ter and follow by washing with soap if available. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention. In the event of frostbite, slowly warm the exposed area by rinsing with warm water. Transport to the nearest medical facility for additional treat- ment.
In case of eye contact	:	Flush eye with copious quantities of water. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention. Slowly warm the exposed area by rinsing with warm water. Transport to the nearest medical facility for additional treat- ment.
If swallowed	:	In the unlikely event of ingestion, obtain medical attention immediately.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	Respiratory irritation signs and symptoms may include a tem- porary burning sensation of the nose and throat, coughing, and/or difficulty breathing. Breathing of high vapour concentrations may cause central nervous system (CNS) depression resulting in dizziness, light- headedness, headache, nausea and loss of coordination. Continued inhalation may result in unconsciousness and death. Rapid release of gases which are liquids under pressure may cause frost burns of exposed tissues (skin, eye) due to evapo- rative cooling.
Protection of first-aiders	:	When administering first aid, ensure that you are wearing the appropriate personal protective equipment according to the incident, injury and surroundings.
Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	:	IMMEDIATE TREATMENT IS EXTREMELY IMPORTANT! Artificial respiration and/or oxygen may be necessary. Call a doctor or poison control center for guidance. Treat symptomatically.

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		Potential for c tions. Hypoxia fects. Conside	ardiac sensitisation, particularly in abuse situa- or negative inotropes may enhance these ef- er: oxygen therapy.
SECTION	5. FIRE-FIGHTING ME	ASURES	
Suita	able extinguishing media	: Shut off suppl the fire burn it Dry chemical Carbon dioxid Keep containe Large fires sh ers.	y. If not possible and no risk to surroundings, let self out. e (CO2) ers and surroundings cool with water spray. ould only be fought by properly trained fire fight-
Unsu med	uitable extinguishing ia	: Do not use dir could cause a Simultaneous to be avoided	ect water jets on the burning product as they steam explosion and spread of the fire. use of foam and water on the same surface is as water destroys the foam.
Spec fighti	sific hazards during fire- ng	: Hazardous co Carbon mono occurs. Unidentified o Contents are to heat or flam Sustained fire Expanding Va	mbustion products may include: xide may be evolved if incomplete combustion rganic and inorganic compounds. under pressure and can explode when exposed nes. attack on vessels may result in a Boiling Liquid por Explosion (BLEVE).
Spec ods	cific extinguishing meth-	: Use extinguis cumstances a	hing measures that are appropriate to local cir- nd the surrounding environment.
Furth	ner information	: Clear fire area Keep adjacen If possible ren If the fire canr to evacuate in	a of all non-emergency personnel. t containers cool by spraying with water. hove containers from the danger zone. not be extinguished the only course of action is nomediately.
Spec for fi	sial protective equipment refighters	: Proper protec gloves are to large contact Breathing App a confined spa relevant Stand	tive equipment including chemical resistant be worn; chemical resistant suit is indicated if with spilled product is expected. Self-Contained baratus must be worn when approaching a fire in ace. Select fire fighter's clothing approved to dards (e.g. Europe: EN469).

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protec-	:	Shut off leaks, if possible without personal risks. Remove all
tive equipment and emer-		possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area and evac-
gency procedures		uate all personnel. Attempt to disperse the gas or to direct its flow to a safe location for example by using fog sprays. Take
		precautionary measures against static discharge. Ensure elec-

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			trical continuity by equipment. Monite Vapour may form Test atmosphere safe working cond the area.	v bonding and grounding (earthing) all or area with combustible gas meter. an explosive mixture with air. for flammable gas concentrations to ensure ditions before personnel are allowed to enter
En	vironmental precautions	:	Use appropriate of nation. Risk of explosion. enters surface wa	containment to avoid environmental contami- Inform the emergency services if product iter drains.
Me coi	thods and materials for ntainment and cleaning up	:	Allow to evaporate Attempt to dispers tion, for example Take precautiona	e. se the gas or to direct its flow to a safe loca- by using fog sprays. ry measures against static discharges.
			Avoid contact with Evacuate the area Ventilate contamin If contamination of cialist advice. Take precautiona Ensure electrical ing) all equipment Observe all releva	n skin, eyes and clothing. a of all non-essential personnel. nated area thoroughly. If site occurs remediation may require spe- ry measures against static discharges. continuity by bonding and grounding (earth- t. ant local and international regulations.
Ad	ditional advice	:	For guidance on s see Chapter 8 of Notify authorities environment occu For guidance on o this Safety Data S Vapour may form Risk of explosion. enters surface wa	selection of personal protective equipment this Safety Data Sheet. if any exposure to the general public or the irs or is likely to occur. disposal of spilled material see Chapter 13 of Sheet. an explosive mixture with air. Inform the emergency services if product iter drains.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.	guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.	Technical measures	 Avoid breathing of or direct contact with material. Only use in well ventilated areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. For guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk assessment of local circumstances to help determine appropriate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material. Air-dry contaminated clothing in a well-ventilated area before laundering. Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
vapours, mists or aerosols.	Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk as- sessment of local circumstances to help determine appropri- ate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this		Air-dry contaminated clothing in a well-ventilated area before laundering. Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of
Air-dry contaminated clothing in a well-ventilated area before laundering. Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols.			Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk as- sessment of local circumstances to help determine appropri- ate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material
guidance on selection of personal protective equipment see Chapter 8 of this Safety Data Sheet. Use the information in this data sheet as input to a risk as- sessment of local circumstances to help determine appropri- ate controls for safe handling, storage and disposal of this material. Air-dry contaminated clothing in a well-ventilated area before laundering. Use local exhaust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of vapours, mists or aerosols.		Technical measures	: Avoid breathing of or direct contact with material. Only use in well ventilated areas. Wash thoroughly after handling. For

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Advid	ce on safe handling	: Ensure that al age facilities a This product is Extinguish an sources. Avoi Avoid prolong Electrostatic d trostatic disch Earth all equip Use local exh vapours, mist	I local regulations regarding handling and stor- are followed. s intended for use in closed systems only. y naked flames. Do not smoke. Remove ignition d sparks. ed or repeated contact with skin. charges may be generated during pumping. Elec- arge may cause fire. oment. aust ventilation if there is risk of inhalation of s or aerosols.
Avoid	dance of contact	: Strong oxidisi	ng agents.
Prod	luct Transfer	: Refer to guida pressed air fo continuity by the Electrostatic of trostatic disch	nce under Handling section. Do not use com- r filling discharge or handling. Ensure electrical bonding and grounding (earthing) all equipment. charges may be generated during pumping. Elec- arge may cause fire.
Furth age s	ner information on stor- stability	: Store only in p sure vessels of Must be store ignition source Do not store r other strong o Refer to section ering the pack	burpose-designed, appropriately labelled pres- or cylinders. d in a well-ventilated area, away from sunlight, es and other sources of heat. hear cylinders containing compressed oxygen or xidizers. on 15 for any additional specific legislation cov- caging and storage of this product.
Pack	kaging material	: Suitable mate materials spectra amples of suit GRE (Epoxy), GB, Neoprene Unsuitable materials to a (PMMA), poly PVC, natural rubber (EPDM yvinyl chloride container linin risk of caustic	rial: For containers and container linings, use cifically approved for use with this product., Ex- able materials are: PA-11, PEEK, PVDF, PTFE, GRVE (vinyl ester), Viton (FKM), type F and e (CR). aterial: Some forms of cast iron., Examples of void are: ABS, polymethyl methacrylate ethylene (PE / HDPE), polypropylene (PP), rubber (NR), Nitrile (NBR) ethylene propylene 1), Butyl (IIR), Hypalon (CSM), polystyrene, pol- e (PVC), polyisobutylene., For containers and gs, aluminium should not be used if there is a contamination of the product.
Cont	ainer Advice	: Do not cut, dr near containe tied, can conta	ill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or rs. Containers, even those that have been emp- ain explosive vapours.
Spec	cific use(s)	: See additiona for liquids that American Pet tions Arising c National Fire	I references that provide safe handling practices are determined to be static accumulators: roleum Institute 2003 (Protection Against Igni- but of Static, Lightning and Stray Currents) or Protection Agency 77 (Recommended Practices

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on Static Electricity). IEC/TS 60079-32-1: Electrostatic hazards, guidance

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters / Permissible concentration	Basis
propane	74-98-6	TWA	1,000 ppm 1,800 mg/m3	OSHA Z-1

Biological occupational exposure limits

No biological limit allocated.

Monitoring Methods

Monitoring of the concentration of substances in the breathing zone of workers or in the general workplace may be required to confirm compliance with an OEL and adequacy of exposure controls. For some substances biological monitoring may also be appropriate.

Validated exposure measurement methods should be applied by a competent person and samples analysed by an accredited laboratory.

Examples of sources of recommended exposure measurement methods are given below or contact the supplier. Further national methods may be available.

National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), USA: Manual of Analytical Methods http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), USA: Sampling and Analytical Methods http://www.osha.gov/

Health and Safety Executive (HSE), UK: Methods for the Determination of Hazardous Substances http://www.hse.gov.uk/

Institut für Arbeitsschutz Deutschen Gesetzlichen Unfallversicherung (IFA), Germany http://www.dguv.de/inhalt/index.jsp

:

L'Institut National de Recherche et de Securité, (INRS), France http://www.inrs.fr/accueil

Engineering measures

The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending upon potential exposure conditions. Select controls based on a risk assessment of local circumstances. Appropriate measures include: Use sealed systems as far as possible. Adequate explosion-proof ventilation to control airborne concentrations below the exposure guidelines/limits. Local exhaust ventilation is recommended. Eye washes and showers for emergency use.

General Information:

Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing hands after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and

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		protective equ taminated clot Practice good Define procedu controls. Educate and tu measures rele product. Ensure approp equipment use equipment use equipment, loc Drain down sy nance. Retain drain de subsequent re	ipment to remove contaminants. Discard con- hing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. housekeeping. ures for safe handling and maintenance of rain workers in the hazards and control vant to normal activities associated with this priate selection, testing and maintenance of ed to control exposure, e.g. personal protective cal exhaust ventilation. stem prior to equipment break-in or mainte- owns in sealed storage pending disposal or cycle.
Pers	sonal protective equip	ment	
Res	piratory protection	 If engineering tions to a level select respirate cific conditions Check with res Where air-filter concentrations space) use ap ratus. Where air-filter priate combina All respiratory cordance with Respirator sele cordance with Protection Sta 	controls do not maintain airborne concentra- which is adequate to protect worker health, ory protection equipment suitable for the spe- s of use and meeting relevant legislation. spiratory protective equipment suppliers. ring respirators are unsuitable (e.g. airborne are high, risk of oxygen deficiency, confined propriate positive pressure breathing appa- ring respirators are suitable, select an appro- ation of mask and filter. protection equipment and use must be in ac- local regulations. ection, use and maintenance should be in ac- the requirements of the OSHA Respiratory ndard, 29 CFR 1910.134.
Han F	d protection Remarks	: Personal hygie Gloves must o gloves, hands cation of a nor thickness is no chemical as it glove material ent on usage, cal resistance vice from glove replaced. Whe use of gloves a EN374, US: Fi provide suitabl rubber.	ene is a key element of effective hand care. nly be worn on clean hands. After using should be washed and dried thoroughly. Appli- operfumed moisturizer is recommended. Glove of a good predictor of glove resistance to a is dependent on the exact composition of the . Suitability and durability of a glove is depend- e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemi- of glove material, dexterity. Always seek ad- e suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be the hand contact with the product may occur the approved to relevant standards (e.g. Europe: 739) made from the following materials may le chemical protection. Neoprene rubber. Nitrile
Eye	protection	: Wear safety gl	asses and face shield (preferably with a chin

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			guard) if splashes	are likely to occur.		
S	kin and body protection	:	Chemical and col apron.	d resistant gloves/gauntlets, boots, and		
Ρ	Protective measures	:	: Personal protective equipment (PPE) should meet recommended national standards. Check with PPE suppliers.			
E	invironmental exposure co	ntro	ols			
G	General advice	:	Local guidelines of must be observed vapour.	on emission limits for volatile substances I for the discharge of exhaust air containing		
SECT	ION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHE	EMI	CAL PROPERTIE	S		
А	ppearance	:	liquid			
С	Colour	:	colourless			
С	dour	:	Unstenched			
С	dour Threshold	:	Data not availab	le		
р	н	:	Not applicable			
Ν	lelting point/freezing point	:	Data not availab	e		
lr ra	nitial boiling point and boiling ange	:	Typical -42 °C / ·	44 °F		
F	lash point	:	Not applicable			
E	vaporation rate	:	Data not availab	e		
F	lammability (solid, gas)	:	Extremely flamm	able.		
U fl	lpper explosion limit / upper ammability limit	:	Typical 10 %(V)			
L fl:	ower explosion limit / Lower ammability limit	:	Data not availab	e		
V	apour pressure	:	1,300 kPa (38 °C	C / 100 °F)		
R	elative vapour density	:	Data not availab	le		
R	elative density	:	Data not availab	e		
D	Density	:	550 kg/m3 (Typi	cal 15 °C / 59 °F)		
S	olubility(ies) Water solubility	:	Not applicable			

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Solu	bility in other solvents		Not applicable	
Partition octanol	n coefficient: n- /water	:	Data not available	9
Auto-ig	nition temperature	:	ca. 450 °C / 842 °	°F
Decom	position temperature	:	Data not available	9
Viscosi Visc	ty osity, kinematic	:	Not applicable	
Explosi	ve properties	:	Classification Co	de: Not classified

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	No, product will not become self-reactive.	
Chemical stability	:	Stable under normal conditions of use.	
Possibility of hazardous reac- tions	:	No. Hazardous, exothermical polymerization cannot occur.	
Conditions to avoid	:	Heat, open flames, sparks and flammable atmospheres.	
		In certain circumstances product can ignite due to static elec- tricity.	
Incompatible materials	:	Strong oxidising agents.	
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Hazardous decomposition products are not expected to form during normal storage.	

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment	:	Information given is based on product testing.	
		Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa-	
		tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com-	
		ponent(s).	

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation is the primary route of exposure although exposure may occur through skin or eye contact.

Acute toxicity	
Product:	
Acute oral toxicity	: Remarks: Not applicable
Acute inhalation toxicity	: LC 50 (Rat): > 20000 ppmV

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		Exposure time Remarks: Low	e: 4 h v toxicity:
Acute	e dermal toxicity	: Remarks: Not	applicable
Skin	corrosion/irritation		
<u>Prod</u> Rema	<u>uct:</u> arks: Not irritating to s	kin.	
Seric	ous eye damage/eye	irritation	
<u>Prod</u> Rema	<u>uct:</u> arks: Essentially non-i	irritating to eyes.	
Resp	piratory or skin sens	itisation	
<mark>Prod</mark> Rema Base	<u>uct:</u> arks: Not a sensitiser. d on available data, tł	ne classification criteria	a are not met.
Germ	n cell mutagenicity		
<u>Prod</u>	<u>uct:</u>	: Remarks: Non fication criteria	n mutagenic, Based on available data, the classi- a are not met.
Carc	inogenicity		
<u>Prod</u> Rema	<u>uct:</u> arks: Not a carcinoger	n., Based on available	data, the classification criteria are not met.
IARC		No component of equal to 0.1% is in human carcinoge	this product present at levels greater than or identified as probable, possible or confirmed on by IARC.
OSH	Α	No component of equal to 0.1% is a	this product present at levels greater than or on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.
NTP		No component of equal to 0.1% is by NTP.	this product present at levels greater than or identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen
Repr	oductive toxicity		
<u>Prod</u>	uct:		
		: Remarks: Not	a developmental toxicant., Does not impair

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fertility., Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT - single exposure

Product:

Remarks: Inhalation of vapours or mists may cause irritation to the respiratory system., High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression resulting in headaches, dizziness and nausea; continued inhalation may result in unconsciousness and/or death.

STOT - repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks: Low systemic toxicity on repeated exposure.

Aspiration toxicity

Product:

Not an aspiration hazard.

Further information

Product:

Remarks: Rapid release of gases which are liquids under pressure may cause frost burns of exposed tissues (skin, eye) due to evaporative cooling., High gas concentrations will displace available air; unconsciousness and death may occur suddenly from lack of oxygen., Exposure to very high concentrations of similar materials has been associated with irregular heart rhythms and cardiac arrest.

Remarks: Classifications by other authorities under varying regulatory frameworks may exist.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Basis for assessment :	Incomplete ecotoxicological data are available for this product. The information given below is based partly on a knowledge of the components and the ecotoxicology of similar products. Unless indicated otherwise, the data presented is representa- tive of the product as a whole, rather than for individual com- ponent(s). Physical properties indicate that petroleum gases will rapidly volatilise from the aquatic environment and that acute and chronic effects would not be observed in practice.
Ecotoxicity	
Product: Toxicity to fish (Acute toxici- : ty)	Remarks: LL/EL/IL50 > 100 mg/l

Practically non toxic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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	Toxicity aquatic toxicity	y to daphnia and other invertebrates (Acute)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/I Practically non to: Based on availab	L50 > 100 mg/l kic: e data, the classification criteria are not met.
	Toxicity icity)	y to algae (Acute tox-	:	Remarks: LL/EL/I Practically non to: Based on availab	L50 > 100 mg/l kic: le data, the classification criteria are not met.
	Toxicity icity)	y to fish (Chronic tox-	:	Remarks: Data no	ot available
	Toxicity aquatic ic toxic	y to daphnia and other invertebrates (Chron- ity)	:	Remarks: Data no	ot available
	Toxicity (Acute	y to microorganisms toxicity)	:	Remarks: LL/EL/I Practically non to: Based on availab	L50 > 100 mg/l kic: le data, the classification criteria are not met.
	Persis	tence and degradabili	ity		
	<u>Produc</u> Biodeg	<u>et:</u> radability	:	Remarks: Oxidise Readily biodegrad	s rapidly by photo-chemical reactions in air. Jable.
	Bioaco	umulative potential			
	<u>Produc</u> Bioacc	<u>et:</u> umulation	:	Remarks: Does n	ot bioaccumulate significantly.
	Mobilit	y in soil			
	Produc	<u>::</u>			
	Mobility	/	:	Remarks: Becaus environmental con found.	e of their extreme volatility, air is the only npartment that hydrocarbon gases will be
	Other a	adverse effects			
	Product Additio mation	<u>et:</u> nal ecological infor-	:	In view of the high unlikely to pose a	n rate of loss from solution, the product is significant hazard to aquatic life.

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SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods	
Waste from residues :	It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Waste arising from a spillage or tank cleaning should be disposed of in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognised collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand. Do not dispose into the environment, in drains or in water courses Given the nature and uses of this product, the need for disposal seldom arises. If necessary, dispose by controlled combustion in purpose-designed equipment. If this is not possible, contact the supplier.
Contaminated packaging :	 Drain container thoroughly. After draining, vent in a safe place away from sparks and fire. Residues may cause an explosion hazard. Do not pollute the soil, water or environment with the waste container. Return part-used or empty cylinders to the supplier. For tanks seek specialist advice from suppliers. Dispose in accordance with prevailing regulations, preferably to a recognized collector or contractor. The competence of the collector or contractor should be established beforehand.
Local legislation Remarks :	Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national, and local laws and regulations. Local regulations may be more stringent than regional or na- tional requirements and must be complied with.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

National Regulations

US De	partment of	Transportation	Classification	(49 CFR	Parts	171-180)
00 00			elacomeanen	(10 0111		

UN/ID/NA number	: UN 1978
Proper shipping name	: Propane
Class	: 2.1
Packing group	: Not Assigned
Labels	: 2.1
ERG Code	: 115
Marine pollutant	: no

International Regulations

IATA-DGR

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UN/ID N Proper Class Packing Labels	Vo. shipping name g group	:	UN 1978 Propane 2.1 Not Assigned 2.1	
IMDG-0 UN nun Proper Class Packing Labels Marine	Code nber shipping name g group pollutant		UN 1978 PROPANE 2.1 Not Assigned 2.1 no	

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied. MARPOL Annex 1 rules apply for bulk shipments by sea.

Special precautions for user

Remarks

: Special Precautions: Refer to Chapter 7, Handling & Storage, for special precautions which a user needs to be aware of or needs to comply with in connection with transport.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

Components	CAS-No.	Component RQ (lbs)	Calculated product RQ (lbs)
propane	74-98-6	100	100

*: Vertex HSSE classifies this material as an "oil" under the CERCLA Petroleum Exclusion, therefore re-leases to the environment are not reportable under CERCLA., The components with RQs are given for information.

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards	:	Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids) Gases under pressure
SARA 313	:	This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

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Clean Water Act

This product does not contain any Hazardous Chemicals listed under the U.S. CleanWater Act, Section 311, Table 117.3.

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

propane

74-98-6

California Prop. 65

This product does not contain any chemicals known to State of California to cause cancer, birth defects, or any other reproductive harm.

Other regulations:

The regulatory information is not intended to be comprehensive. Other regulations may apply to this material.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

EINECS/ELINCS/EC	:	All components listed.
DSL	:	All components listed.
TSCA	:	All components listed.
AIIC	:	All components listed.
PICCS	:	All components listed.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA Rating (Health, Fire, Reac- 1, 4, 0 tivity)

Full text of other abbreviations

OSHA Z-1	:	USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim- its for Air Contaminants
OSHA Z-1 / TWA Abbreviations and Acronyms	:	8-hour time weighted average The standard abbreviations and acronyms used in this docu- ment can be looked up in reference literature (e.g. scientific dictionaries) and/or websites.
		ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ADR = European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road AICS = Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials BEL = Biological exposure limits BTEX = Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200

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		CAS = Chemi	cal Abstracts Service
		CEFIC = Euro	pean Chemical Industry Council
		CLP = Classifi	cation Packaging and Labelling
		COC = Clevela	and Open-Cup
		DIN = Deutsch	nes Institut fur Normung
		DMEL = Deriv	ed Minimal Effect Level
		DNEL = Derive	ed No Effect Level
		DSL = Canada	a Domestic Substance List
		EC = Europea	n Commission
		EC50 = Effect	ive Concentration fifty
		ECETOC = Eu	ropean Center on Ecotoxicology and Toxicolo-
		gy Of Chemica	als
		ECHA = Europ	bean Chemicals Agency
		EINECS = The	e European Inventory of Existing Commercial
		Chemical Sub	stances
		EL50 = Effecti	ve Loading fifty
		ENCS = Japar	nese Existing and New Chemical Substances
		Inventory	
		EWC = Europe	ean Waste Code
		GHS = Global	ly Harmonised System of Classification and
		Labelling of Cl	nemicals
		IARC = Interna	ational Agency for Research on Cancer
		IATA = Interna	ational Air Transport Association
		IC50 = Inhibito	bry Concentration fifty
		IL50 = Inhibito	ry Level fifty
		IMDG = Intern	ational Maritime Dangerous Goods
		INV = Chinese	Chemicals Inventory
		IP346 = INSUU	of petroleum test method N° 346 for the
			Existing Chemicals Inventory
		KECI = KOIea	Concentration fifty
		LOSO – Lethal	Dose fifty per cent
			bal Loading/Effective Loading/Inhibitory loading
			Loading fifty
		$M\Delta RPOL - Int$	ternational Convention for the Prevention of
		Pollution From	Shins
			= No Observed Effect Concentration / No Ob-
		served Effect I	evel
		OE HPV = Oc	cupational Exposure - High Production Volume
		PBT = Persistent	ent. Bioaccumulative and Toxic
		PICCS = Philip	opine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical
		Substances	
		PNEC = Predi	cted No Effect Concentration
		REACH = Rec	istration Evaluation And Authorisation Of
		Chemicals	
		RID = Regulat	ions Relating to International Carriage of Dan-
		gerous Goods	by Rail
		ŠKIN_DES = \$	Skin Designation
		STEL = Short	term exposure limit
		TRA = Targete	ed Risk Assessment
		TSCA = US To	oxic Substances Control Act
		TWA = Time-V	Veighted Average
		vPvB = very P	ersistent and very Bioaccumulative

SAFETY DATA SHEET According to OSHA Hazard Communicat

According to OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200 **Propane**

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Due to a change in detail in Section 15, this document has been released as a significant change.

Revision Date : 04/01/2022

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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